futurefocus

the DC funds

Japanese Equities - **passive**as at 30 September 2018

fund objective

To provide long-term capital growth in excess of UK price inflation by investing predominantly in Japanese listed shares. The fund aims to perform in line with the benchmark as closely as possible.

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Launch date:		70		%
1 March 2018	 Toyota Motor 	4.01	Consumer Goods	24.51
Fund size:	2. Softbank Group	2.13	Industrials	22.29
£1.54m	3. Mitsubishi UFJ Financial	2.07	Financials	14.70
Price per share: 214.50p	4. Sony Corp	1.85	Consumer Services	11.21
	5. Sumitomo Mitsui Financial	1.40	Health Care	7.72
•	Group		Basic Materials	6.18
Charges:	6. Honda Motor Co	1.38	Telecommunications	5.16
Inv Mgmt Charges: 0.00%	7. Keyence Corp	1.30	■ Technology	4.94
Additional Charges: 0.00%	8. Kddi Corp	1.27	■ Utilities	1.96
Current underlying	9. Mizuho Financial Group	1.17	Oil & Gas	1.33
fund(s):	10.Mitsubishi Corp	1.04		
L&G Japan Equity Index Fund	Total	17.62	Total	100.00

fund performance

	30 Sep 2017 - 30 Sep 2018 %	30 Sep 2016 - 30 Sep 2017 %	30 Sep 2015 - 30 Sep 2016 %	30 Sep 2014 - 30 Sep 2015 %	30 Sep 2013 - 30 Sep 2014 %
■ Fund	14.34%	11.60%	31.18%	5.45%	1.66%
■ Benchmark	14.54%	11.44%	31.30%	6.18%	1.22%
Relative Performance	-0.02%	0.16%	-0.12%	-0.73%	0.44%

Rolling time period	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 year p.a.	5 year p.a.	Since launch
Fund	4.48%	10.00%	14.34%	18.73%	12.40%	12.10%
Benchmark	4.44%	9.77%	14.54%	18.78%	12.49%	12.19%
Relative Performance	0.04%	0.23%	-0.20%	-0.05%	-0.09%	-0.09%

Past performance isn't a guide to future performance. The figures are shown in sterling and have been calculated using actual returns since the introduction of the current DC fund range.

Source: Morningstar, FIL Life Insurance Ltd. Single priced (i.e. no bid/offer spread), gross income reinvested and gross of fees. Indicative prices have been used if a portfolio valuation fell on a non-trading day. The fund was launched on 1st March 2018, but links to an underlying fund which has been existence for a number of years. Before 1st March 2018, performance is simulated based on data provided by Legal and General, the underlying fund provider. Thereafter, returns are produced by Fidelity on a monthly basis.





market commentary

The Japanese equity market advanced over the quarter, as concerns over global trade frictions eased and the yen weakened to ¥113 against the US dollar. Tensions between the US and China dominated market sentiment, but investors appeared to discount near-term disruptions and Japanese stocks rallied towards the end of the quarter. Investor optimism towards US and Chinese equities, and rising US Treasury yields also supported the market. Large-cap, low price-to-earnings and low-beta stocks were the strongest performers over the quarter, while small-cap growth names were conspicuous laggards. Prime Minister Shinzo Abe won a third term as President of the Liberal Democratic Party and later agreed to enter into bilateral trade talks with the US. This precluded the imposition of additional tariffs on automobile imports from Japan. After a slow start to the year, the Japanese economy rebounded strongly in the April–June quarter, led by growth in consumption and capital investment.

risk rating

■ Very Low ■ Low ■ Low/Medium ■ Medium ■ Medium/High ■ High ■ Very High
All investments carry a level of risk. You need to decide how much of each type of risk
you're prepared to take. The table below gives an overview of some of the risks associated with this fund.

risk type	description of risk	level of risk for this fund
Capital Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will fall. The younger you are, the less worried you might be about capital risk, because your investments have time to recover their value before your retire.	High
Inflation Risk	This is the risk that the value of your investments will grow more slowly than prices rise. Inflation can be a problem for pension savings invested in cash funds particularly if the interest you're earning is less than the rate of inflation.	Med
Pension Conversion Risk	The price of an annuity changes on a regular basis. This means that the amount of income you can secure with the same amount of money will change. Pension conversion risk is the risk that the amount of income you can buy drops before you retire, because your money is invested differently to annuity funds. That's why putting more of your DC pension pot into bonds to try to match annuity prices as you get closer to retirement age can help protect against this risk.	High

About the factsheet

It is important to remember that the price of units can go down as well as up. There's no guarantee that you'll get back the amount that goes into your DC pension pot. Changes in rates of currency exchange, particularly where overseas securities are held, could also affect the value of your investment.

All funds are provided through FIL Life Insurance Ltd and may invest in securities issued by or hold deposits with HSBC Holdings plc and associated companies.

The Trustee can change the underlying managers or funds at any time without member consent or prior notification.

Valuation time: Business days at 5:00pm (UK time)

Dealing Process: The cut off time for switch instructions is 2:00pm each business day.

Contact us

You can find more Scheme information at: www.futurefocus.staff.hsbc.co.uk

If you have any questions contact the HSBC Administration Team at: email: HSBCpension@willistowerswatson.com phone:01737 227 575

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for members of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme

Charges

HSBC pays the investment management charges – not you. However, there may be costs within some of the funds and these will be reflected in the unit price. These nominal costs are variable and are likely to be between nil and 0.2% a year.

